

BEGIN — NOVEMBER 24, 1959

30.24-9313

A154

FIRST LEAD NUCLEAR (260)

BY MICHAEL GOLDSMITH

GENEVA, NOV. 24 (AP)—THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION REACHED COMPLETE AGREEMENT TODAY ON THE WORK PROGRAM OF SCIENTISTS WHO WILL INVESTIGATE METHODS FOR DETECTING UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR BLASTS.

THE FINAL AGREEMENT ENDED A MONTH-LONG DISPUTE OVER THE SCIENTISTS' WORK PROGRAM.

THE SCIENTISTS ARE TO OPEN THEIR DISCUSSIONS HERE TOMORROW AND ARE TO REPORT THEIR FINDINGS BY DEC. 11.

THE AGREEMENT REPRESENTED A CONCESSION BY THE SOVIET UNION. SOVIET GOVERNMENT LEADERS AND SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN FOR MONTHS DECLARED THE STUDY OF NEW SCIENTIFIC DATA DEMANDED BY THE UNITED STATES WAS A MERE DEVICE FOR DELAYING A TREATY ON ENDING NUCLEAR TESTS.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN REPEATEDLY TOLD TSARAPKIN THEY WERE UNWILLING TO PROCEED WITH THE TALKS UNLESS THE SCIENTISTS WERE ALLOWED TO REVISE OUT-DATED TECHNICAL CONCLUSIONS REACHED BY A CONFERENCE OF EXPERTS IN GENEVA LAST YEAR.

THE WEST MAINTAINED THAT THE 1958 FINDINGS HAVE BEEN OUT OF DATE SINCE THE PUBLICATION EARLIER THIS YEAR OF A REPORT BY LLOYD V. BERKNER, PRESIDENT OF ASSOCIATED UNIVERSITIES INC. THE BERKNER REPORT ASSERTED THAT UNDERGROUND TESTS COULD BE MUCH MORE EASILY CONCEALED THAN THE SCIENTISTS BELIEVED LAST YEAR.

TSARAPKIN WAITED NEARLY A WEEK FOR MOSCOW'S APPROVAL OF A COMPROMISE ON THE SCIENTISTS' TERMS OF REFERENCE WHICH WOULD--AT LEAST BY IMPLICATION--ALLOW CONSIDERATION OF THE BERKNER REPORT. TSARAPKIN FINALLY ADVISED U.S. AMBASSADOR JAMES J. WADSWORTH AND BRITAIN'S SIR MICHAEL WRIGHT OF THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT'S AGREEMENT AT TODAY'S MEETING.

A WESTERN SPOKESMAN SAID THE WORDING OF THE AGREEMENT "PROVIDES THE BASIS FOR FULL AND COMPREHENSIVE CONSIDERATION OF THE NEW SCIENTIFIC DATA (SUCH AS THE BERKNER REPORT). ALL THREE DELEGATIONS EXPRESSED THEIR COMPLETE SATISFACTION WITH THE AGREEMENT."

THE SCIENTISTS ARE EXPECTED TO SPEND THE NEXT THREE WEEKS REVIEWING THE LATEST METHODS AND INSTRUMENTS FOR DETECTING UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR BLASTS AT LONG RANGE.

THE DELEGATIONS FOR THE SCIENTIFIC TALKS WILL BE HEADED BY JAMES B. FISK OF THE UNITED STATES, SIR WILLIAM PENNEY OF BRITAIN AND EVGENYI FEDEROV OF THE SOVIET UNION.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN PROPOSED THE NEW TALKS SEVERAL MONTHS AGO, CONTENDING THAT THE PREVIOUS SCIENTIFIC STUDY ON WHICH THE NEGOTIATORS WERE BASING THEIR DISCUSSIONS OF AN EFFECTIVE CONTROL SYSTEM WERE OUT OF DATE. THE UNITED STATES SAID RECENT EVIDENCE SHOWED IT WAS FAR MORE DIFFICULT TO IDENTIFY UNDERGROUND NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS THAN THE SCIENTISTS BELIEVED EARLIER.

AFTER INSISTING FOR WEEKS THAT THE NEGOTIATIONS MUST GO AHEAD ON THE BASIS OF THE EARLIER STUDY, THE SOVIET UNION SUDDENLY AGREED TO NEW SCIENTIFIC TALKS. BUT TSARAPKIN INSISTED THAT NO MATTER WHAT NEW INFORMATION THE SCIENTISTS BROUGHT OUT IN THEIR DISCUSSIONS, THEY COULD NOT CHANGE THE OLD RECOMMENDATIONS THEY HAD MADE TO THE POLITICAL NEGOTIATORS. FINALLY TSARAPKIN AGREED TO REFER THE MATTER TO MOSCOW, WHICH SO FAR HASN'T REPLIED.

ZR753AES

A158WX

(200) ATOM AGREEMENT NIGHT LEAD

WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)—THE UNITED STATES AND SOVIET RUSSIA AGREED TODAY TO EXCHANGE INFORMATION IN THE FIELD OF PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY, INCLUDING POSSIBLE CONSTRUCTION OF A SUPER ATOM-SMASHER.

JOHN A. MCCONE, CHAIRMAN OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, AND PROF. V.S. EMEL'YANOV, HEAD OF THE U.S.S.R. ADMINISTRATION FOR UTILIZATION OF ATOMIC ENERGY, SIGNED A MEMORANDUM PROVIDING FOR THE EXCHANGE OF NON-SECRET INFORMATION.

IN ADDITION, THE TWO NATIONS WILL MAKE ALL REPORTS AND FINDINGS AVAILABLE TO THE INTERNATIONAL ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY.

THE MEMORANDUM DEALS MAINLY WITH GENERAL AIMS BUT DOES SPECIFY THAT INITIAL EXPLORATIONS WILL INCLUDE STUDY OF THE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF "AN ACCELERATOR OF A LARGE AND NOVEL TYPE". THIS IS A REFERENCE TO A SUPER ATOM-SMASHER WHICH COULD BECOME THE PRINCIPAL RESEARCH TOOL OF ITS KIND FOR THE WHOLE WORLD.

MCCONE SAID LAST SUNDAY THAT "ONLY ONE WOULD BE NEEDED" IF SUCH A PROJECT COULD BE CARRIED THROUGH. SUCH A GIGANTIC INSTALLATION WOULD BE EXTREMELY EXPENSIVE, PERHAPS PROHIBITIVELY SO IF UNDERTAKEN BY A SINGLE NATION.

OTHER SUBJECTS SLATED FOR PROMPT STUDY INCLUDE "UNDERTAKINGS IN CONTROLLED THERMONUCLEAR REACTIONS", WHICH WOULD INCLUDE ELECTRIC POWER PRODUCTION; APPROACHES TO WASTE DISPOSAL PROBLEMS; NUCLEAR DATA EVALUATION AND COMPILATION; AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF INTERNATIONAL NUCLEAR STANDARDS.

TODAY'S AGREEMENT WAS A REDUCTION TO WRITING OF ORAL UNDERSTANDINGS WHICH HAVE BEEN REACHED IN A SERIES OF DISCUSSIONS STARTED IN SEPTEMBER WHEN MCCONE AND EMEL'YANOV CONFERRED DURING THE VISIT OF SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV. THE TALKS WERE CONTINUED AS PART OF TOURS MADE IN RUSSIA BY MCCONE AND IN THE UNITED STATES BY EMEL'YANOV.

THE ACTUAL EXCHANGES WILL BE SET UP AS PART OF THE OVER-ALL PROGRAM WHICH INCLUDES TECHNICAL, EDUCATIONAL AND CULTURAL FIELDS AS WELL AS SCIENCE.

IN ADDITION TO SWAPPING OF REPORTS, THE PROGRAM LOOKS TO AN EXTENSIVE EXCHANGE OF VISITS BY GROUPS OF SCIENTISTS FROM EACH NATION.

THERE WAS NO FIRM COMMITMENT IN THE MEMORANDUM TO THE UNDERTAKING OF ANY ACTUAL JOINT UNDERTAKINGS, SUCH AS THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SUPER-ATOM SMASHER. INSTEAD, IT SAID:

"THE PARTIES AGREE INITIALLY TO EXAMINE SEPARATELY THE FEASIBILITY OF ENGAGING IN JOINT PROJECTS IN VARIOUS UNCLASSIFIED AREAS."

MCCONE AND EMEL'YANOV VISITED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT THE WHITE HOUSE TODAY AND THE RUSSIAN TOLD THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE THE U.S. PROGRAM FOR PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY SEEMS TO BE DEVELOPING ON A VERY COMPREHENSIVE SCALE.

CZ1216AES

A85WX

(360) NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER

BY MARVIN L. ARROWSMITH

WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)—PRESIDENT EISENHOWER DUG TODAY INTO A PILE OF WORK ON DOMESTIC AND INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS. HE ALSO TURNED AGAIN TO PREPARATIONS FOR HIS GOODWILL TOUR ABROAD.

BACK FROM A 12-DAY STAY IN AUGUSTA, GA., THE PRESIDENT WAS AT HIS WHITE HOUSE DESK BEFORE 8:30 A.M. FOR A SERIES OF CONFERENCES WHICH LASTED ALL MORNING.

HE DEVOTED THE AFTERNOON TO PLANNING THE 20,000-MILE TRIP HE WILL MAKE, STARTING DEC. 3, TO 11 NATIONS IN EUROPE, ASIA AND AFRICA. HE WILL RETURN TO WASHINGTON DEC. 22.

TOMORROW MORNING, EISENHOWER WILL PRESIDE AT A MEETING OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL. THAT SESSION REPORTEDLY WILL DEAL WITH THE DEFENSE

BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

THE COUNCIL ORDINARILY MEETS ON THURSDAYS. THE SESSION THIS WEEK IS BEING MOVED AHEAD 24 HOURS BECAUSE OF THE THANKSGIVING HOLIDAY.

THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED THE PRESIDENT WILL SKIP A NEWS CONFERENCE THIS WEEK BECAUSE OF WORK ON THE FORTHCOMING TOUR, AND OTHER BUSINESS. EISENHOWER WILL MEET WITH NEWSMEN DEC. 2, THE DAY BEFORE THE START OF THE TOUR, AND AT THAT TIME WILL ISSUE A STATEMENT DEALING WITH OBJECTIVES OF THE TRIP.

IN ANNOUNCING PLANS FOR THE TOUR AT HIS LAST NEWS CONFERENCE NOV. 4, THE PRESIDENT SAID HE HOPED IT WOULD GENERATE GOODWILL AND PROMOTE INTERNATIONAL UNDERSTANDING. THE MISSION WILL INCLUDE 2 1/2 DAYS IN PARIS DEC. 19-21, FOR THE WESTERN SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

EISENHOWER'S FIRST APPOINTMENT THIS MORNING WAS WITH PAUL-HENRI SPAACK, SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION. FOR 45 MINUTES THEY DISCUSSED NATO PROBLEMS GENERALLY, AND SPECIFICALLY THE NATO FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING TO BE HELD IN PARIS NEXT MONTH, JUST BEFORE THE WESTERN SUMMIT SESSIONS.

BUDGET PROBLEMS GOT NEXT ATTENTION. EISENHOWER CONFERRED ON THEM WITH SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY ROBERT B. ANDERSON, BUDGET DIRECTOR MAURICE H. STANS, AND RAYMOND J. SAULNIER, CHAIRMAN OF THE PRESIDENT'S COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE WAS WITH VASILY S. EMEL'YANOV, SOVIET UNION ATOMIC CHIEF, WHO HAS BEEN GETTING A LOOK AT THIS COUNTRY'S PROGRAM FOR PEACEFUL USE OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

EMEL'YANOV SAID HE TOLD EISENHOWER THE U.S. PROGRAM SEEMS TO BE DEVELOPING ON AN EXTREMELY COMPREHENSIVE SCALE. THE SOVIET OFFICIAL WAS ACCOMPANIED TO THE WHITE HOUSE BY JOHN A. MCCONE, CHAIRMAN OF THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, WHO RECENTLY VISITED RUSSIA.

JA741PES

A94

ROME, NOV 25 (AP)-THE WHITE HOUSE WANTS PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO FLY BY HELICOPTER FROM THE VATICAN TO THE ROME AIRPORT AFTER HIS CALL ON POPE JOHN XXIII DEC. 6, BT IT MAY BE IMPRACTICAL.

ROME IS THE PRESIDENT'S FIRST STOP ON HIS 11-NATION TOUR NEXT MONTH. HE WILL SEE THE POPE IN PRIVATE AUDIENCE AT THE VATICAN JUST BEFORE DEPARTING FROM ROME'S CIAMPINO AIRPORT FOR TURKEY.

A RELIABLE SOURCE SAID THE WHITE HOUSE SUGGESTED TO THE AMERICAN EMBASSY HERE THAT THE MOST CONVENIENT WAY TO GO THE 10 MILES OR SO FROM THE VATICAN TO THE AIRPORT WOULD BE BY HELICOPTER.

THE EMBASSY IS INVESTIGATING BUT IS NOT PREPARED THUS FAR TO RECOMMEND THE HELICOPTER TRIP.

THERE ARE NO SUITABLE LANDING PLACES INSIDE THE VATICAN WALLS.

THERE ARE NO PLANS BEING CONSIDERED FOR THE PRESIDENT TO GO TO THE VATICAN BY HELICOPTER--ONLY TO USE ONE ON DEPARTING FOR THE AIRPORT. HE WILL GO TO THE VATICAN IN A CAR.

NO REASON FOR THE WHITE HOUSE'S SUGGESTION ABOUT THE USE OF A HELICOPTER WAS GIVEN.

IT IS KNOWN THE WHITE HOUSE WOULD LIKE TO MAKE USE OF HELICOPTERS WHEREVER FEASIBLE ON THE PRESIDENT'S TOUR.

DY811PES

A69WX

(500) NIGHT LEAD HERTER

BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)-SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TODAY FIRED BACK AT DEAN ACHESON, FORMER DEMOCRATIC SECRETARY OF STATE WHO HAS ACCUSED THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION OF HEADING TOWARD APPEASEMENT OF RUSSIA.

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE, HERTER SAID ACHESON HAD NO SOLID GROUND FOR ASSUMING THE ADMINISTRATION WILL MAKE ONE-SIDED CONCESSIONS TO RUSSIA TO EASE THE DANGER OF WAR OVER BERLIN'S FUTURE.

HERTER IN EFFECT CHARGED ACHESON WITH USING FALSE LOGIC AND MEANINGLESS PHRASES TO BACK UP ACHESON'S DENUNCIATIONS OF ANY TALKS WHATSOEVER ABOUT BERLIN.

"IT SEEMED TO ME THAT WHAT MR. ACHESON HAD DONE WAS TO BUILD UP A LOT OF STRAW MEN AND KNOCK THEM DOWN," HERTER SAID.

"HIS ASSUMPTIONS WERE THAT THE RUSSIANS WOULD BE INSISTING STILL ON THE POSITION THEY HELD A YEAR AGO LAST NOVEMBER WHEN THE CRISIS WAS PRECIPITATED. ACTUALLY THEY HAVE COME A VERY LONG WAY."

IN A SPEECH LAST WEDNESDAY, ACHESON DESCRIBED ANY EAST-WEST TALKS ABOUT BERLIN'S FUTURE AT THIS TIME AS AN INVITATION FOR SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV TO CUT THE THROAT OF THE ALLIES.

"THE PLAIN TRUTH IS THAT TO NEGOTIATE ABOUT BERLIN WITH THE INTENTION OF COMING TO TERMS IS ONLY A POLITE, MISLEADING PHRASE FOR A RETREAT AND AN ACCEPTANCE OF RUSSIAN TERMS," ACHESON SAID.

"IT IS A DEVICE FOR CLOAKING DEFEAT WITH THE APPEARANCE OF CONSENT."

IN REBUTTAL, HERTER SAID THE RUSSIANS HAVE ABANDONED THREATS IN DEMANDING A NEW BERLIN ARRANGEMENT. FURTHER, HERTER SAID, THE SOVIETS HAVE REPEATEDLY ACKNOWLEDGED THE LEGAL RIGHT OF THE WESTERN ALLIES TO REMAIN IN WEST BERLIN.

HERTER ALSO STRUCK BACK AT ACHESON'S CLAIM THAT THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION HAS NO FOREIGN POLICY EXCEPT "LOCOMOTION" -- MOVING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AROUND IN VISITS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

THIS IS A GOOD PHRASE BUT IT HAS NO MEANING, HERTER SAID. THE ADMINISTRATION HAS "A VERY DISTINCT FOREIGN POLICY," HE CONTENDED, WITH THE MAIN OBJECTIVES CLEARLY SPELLED OUT.

IN HIS FOURTH NEWS CONFERENCE SINCE TAKING OFFICE LAST SPRING, HERTER MADE THESE OTHER MAIN POINTS:

1. THE WESTERN POWERS WILL AGREE ON A DATE FOR AN EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING DURING THEIR CONFERENCE IN PARIS BEGINNING DEC. 19. HE KNOWS OF NO REASON TO SUSPECT THE EAST-WEST PARLEY WILL BE DELAYED UNTIL 1961, AS LONDON DISPATCHES HAVE SPECULATED. A MID-APRIL DATE IS REPORTED UNDER ALLIED CONSIDERATION.

2. IT IS ABSURD FOR CUBAN WORKERS TO CHARGE THAT THE INTERAMERICAN CONFEDERATION OF WORKERS IS AN AGENCY OF U.S. IMPERIALISM. THIS ACCUSATION WAS MADE BY CUBA'S LABOR FEDERATION IN WITHDRAWING TO FORM A SEPARATE LABOR GROUP.

3. A COMPLETE BAN ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS DEPENDS ON WHETHER EAST-WEST SCIENTISTS AT GENEVA AGREE ON AN ADEQUATE DETECTION NETWORK FOR ABOVE GROUND AS WELL AS UNDERGROUND EXPLOSIONS.

4. UNDER SECRETARY OF STATE DOUGLAS DILLON WILL LEAVE DEC. 7 FOR A WEEK-LONG VISIT TO BRITAIN, BELGIUM AND FRANCE TO DISCUSS TRADE PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN THE SETTING UP OF TWO COMMERCIAL BLOCS IN EUROPE.

5. HE FAVORS INCREASING POLITICAL CONSULTATION AMONG THE 15 COUNTRIES IN THE ATLANTIC PACT.

6. HE IS CONFIDENT DIFFICULTIES WITH PANAMA WILL BE SETTLED IN A FRIENDLY WAY AS A RESULT OF TALKS BY TROUBLESHOOTER LIVINGSTON MERCHANT WITH PANAMANIAN GOVERNMENT LEADERS.

CZ630PES

A34

PMS BUDGET (450)

SUMMIT

BY TOM OCHILTREE

LONDON, NOV. 24 (AP)-DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES IN LONDON BELIEVE THE DATE FOR THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE IS GETTING FARTHER AND FARTHER AWAY. BUT OFFICIALS IN PARIS AND BONN SAID THE MEETING

WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV STILL IS LIKELY BEFORE JUNE.

DIPLOMATIC OBSERVERS HERE CITE THE FULL SCHEDULE OF ENGAGEMENTS FOR THE WORLD'S CHIEF POLITICAL LEADERS. AND THEY SEE SIGNS THAT COMMUNIST CHINA IS TRYING TO PUT THE BRAKES ON NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN RUSSIA AND THE WEST.

THERE IS SPECULATION THAT THE SUMMIT WON'T BE REACHED UNTIL 1961.

WHEN A NEW AMERICAN PRESIDENT WILL BE IN THE WHITE HOUSE. BUT WEST GERMAN PRESS CHIEF FELIX VON ECKARDT TOLD NEWSMEN YESTERDAY THE PREVAILING OPINION IN BONN IS THAT THE MEETING WILL BE HELD IN APRIL.

AMERICAN AND FRENCH DIPLOMATIC SOURCES IN PARIS SAY THE MOST LOGICAL DATE APPEARS TO FALL SOMEWHERE BETWEEN THE LAST WEEK IN APRIL AND THE END OF MAY.

THEY AGREE THAT IT CAN'T BE SET BEFORE THEN. KHRUSHCHEV WILL VISIT FRANCE FOR TWO WEEKS BEGINNING MARCH 15. FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE WILL BE IN BRITAIN APRIL 5-8. FOLLOWING THAT, WESTERN DISCUSSION OF THE KHRUSHCHEV VISIT PLUS TIME REQUIRED FOR TECHNICAL ARRANGEMENTS COULD TAKE UP ANOTHER TWO WEEKS.

THERE ALSO IS A POSSIBILITY THAT DE GAULLE WILL VISIT AMERICA SOMETIME IN MAY, THUS PUSHING A SUMMIT DATE BACK SOME MORE.

THERE IS A FEELING HERE THAT KHRUSHCHEV MIGHT LOSE ANY DESIRE FOR A MEETING IF IT FAILS TO MATERIALIZE BY THE MIDDLE OF JUNE. SEVERAL LEADING BRITISH NEWSPAPERS POINT OUT THAT BY THEN THE U. S. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION WOULD NOT BE FAR OFF, AND KHRUSHCHEV POSSIBLY WOULD PREFER TO TALK WITH THE NEW PRESIDENT RATHER THAN OUTGOING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

THESE PAPERS MAINTAIN THERE IS LITTLE TO SUPPORT PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN'S CONTINUING DISPLAY OF CONFIDENCE THAT AN EARLY SUMMIT CAN BE HELD. THEY SAY HIS HOPES RECEIVED A RUDE SETBACK WHEN KHRUSHCHEV FAILED PUBLICLY TO OPPOSE DE GAULLE'S CALL FOR A SLOWER APPROACH TO TOP-LEVEL NEGOTIATIONS, AND WHEN HE AGREED TO VISIT FRANCE IN MARCH RATHER THAN IN FEBRUARY.

BELIEF IS ALSO GROWING THAT KHRUSHCHEV ALREADY HAS LOST MUCH OF HIS INTEREST IN AN EAST-WEST CONFERENCE, DUE TO PRESSURE FROM COMMUNIST CHINA'S MAO TZE-TUNG. ACCORDING TO THIS THEORY, RED CHINA WANTS TO PREVENT THE SUMMIT MEETING BECAUSE IT WOULD NOT PARTICIPATE.

(FOLLOWING GRAFS ARE FOR USE AT 7 A.M. EST)

THE NEW YORK TIMES TODAY QUOTED A GROUP OF POLISH COMMUNISTS AS SAYING MAO ALREADY HAS PROHIBITED KHRUSHCHEV FROM NEGOTIATING ANY FAR EASTERN CONTROVERSIES AT THE SUMMIT.

A TIMES DISPATCH FROM VIENNA SAID THE POLISH COMMUNIST DELEGATION TO RED CHINA'S 10TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION "CAME AWAY CONVINCED THAT THERE WERE IMPORTANT DIFFERENCES OF APPROACH AND POLICY BETWEEN MOSCOW AND PEIPING," ALTHOUGH NOT SERIOUS ENOUGH TO THREATEN THEIR ALLIANCE.

THE POLES REPORTED, SAID THE TIMES, THAT KHRUSHCHEV AGREED NOT TO DISCUSS FAR EASTERN ISSUES WITHOUT THE PRESENCE OF CHINESE REPRESENTATIVES. BUT THEY ADDED THE QUESTION MIGHT BE RAISED AGAIN IN MOSCOW BEFORE KHRUSHCHEV MEETS THE WESTERN LEADERS.

ZR435AES

A101

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 24 (AP)-A TOP WESTERN SOURCE SAID TOAY THE EAST-WEST SUMMIT CONFERENCE WILL BE HELD "AT THE VERY LATEST" BY NEXT MAY. HE SAID LATE APRIL WAS THE MOST PROBABLE DATE.

THE INFORMANT, WHO DECLINED TO BE QUOTED BY NAME, SAID HE DOUBTED IF PRESSURE FROM PEIPING ON SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV WAS SLOWING THE CALLING OF A SUMMIT MEETING.

THE SOURCE SAID HE BELIEVES KHRUSHCHEV WANTS THE SUMMIT MEETING TO BE DEVOTED MAINLY TO EUROPEAN PROBLEMS.

"IN THIS PARTICULAR ROUND KHRUSHCHEV WANTS TO HOLD TALKS, MAINLY WITH THE UNITED STATES, BUT CHIEFLY WITH A EUROPEAN SLANT," THE SOURCE ADDED. "THERE IS NO DESIRE TO TAKE ON THE WORLD PROBLEM AS A WHOLE."

TA840PES

A86

(280)

LONDON, NOV. 24 (AP)-TWO LONDON NEWSPAPERS TODAY SAID BRITAIN IS BIDDING AGAINST THE UNITED STATES TO SUPPLY WEST GERMANY WITH ITS FIRST WEAPON CAPABLE OF CARRYING A NUCLEAR WARHEAD.

30.24-9315

THE DAILY MAIL AND THE NEWS CHRONICLE REPORTED THAT THE BRITISH HOPE TO SEAL AN ARTILLERY ROCKET BEING DEVELOPED FOR THE ARMY THAT CAN BE TIPPED EITHER WITH A NUCLEAR BOMB OR A CONVENTIONAL HIGH EXPLOSIVE CHARGE.

THE PAPERS SAID THE "BLUE WATER" SURFACE-TO-SURFACE MISSILE IS EXTREMELY ACCURATE OVER DISTANCES UP TO 100 MILES.

THE ROCKETS WOULD BE PART OF \$25,200,000 WORTH OF ARMS WEST GERMANY REPORTEDLY IS READY TO PURCHASE FROM BRITAIN BEFORE THE END OF THE YEAR.

GERMAN INTEREST IN BRITISH WEAPONS IS BELIEVED TO HAVE BEEN SPARKED BY HINTS FROM WASHINGTON THAT NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION (NATO) COUNTRIES MUST PAY MORE FOR THEIR OWN DEFENSE. THIS IS INTERPRETED BY MANY AS A WARNING THAT AMERICA MAY STOP THE SUPPLY OF MISSILES, PLANES AND OTHER ARMS ON "GIVEAWAY" TERMS WHICH HAVE LARGELY KEPT BRITISH WEAPONS OUT OF THE EUROPEAN MARKET.

THE DAILY MAIL SAID BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND WEST GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER AGREED IN PRINCIPLE TO WEST GERMANY'S PURCHASE OF THE BLUE WATER MISSILE DURING ADENAUER'S VISIT TO LONDON LAST WEEK. BUT A BRITISH OFFICIAL IN BONN SAID THE REPORT HAD "NO OFFICIAL VALIDITY." GERMAN OFFICIALS THERE ALSO SAID THEY KNEW NOTHING OF ANY SUCH AGREEMENT.

THE MAIL SAID WEST GERMANY MIGHT GET THE ROCKETS BUT NOT NUCLEAR WARHEADS. "IT WOULD BE A SIMPLE MATTER, HOWEVER, TO SUPPLY AND FIT THEM IN AN EMERGENCY," THE PAPER ADDED.

WEST GERMANY AND BRITAIN AGREED LAST MAY TO WORK OUT A JOINT PROGRAM OF WEAPONS PRODUCTION, WITH PARTICULAR EMPHASIS ON TANKS AND LIGHT-TRACKED MILITARY VEHICLES. WEST GERMAN OFFICIALS SAID TODAY THAT BRITISH DEFENSE MINISTER HAROLD WATKINSON WOULD ARRIVE IN BONN DEC. 2 TO MAP PLANS TO CARRY OUT THIS AGREEMENT.

ZR748AES

A182

LONDON, NOV. 24 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN SAID TODAY THAT HE AND CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER AGREED ON COMMON OBJECTIVES DURING THEIR DISCUSSIONS HERE LAST WEEK.

HE TOLD THE HOUSE OF COMMONS THAT HE AND THE WEST GERMAN LEADER DISCUSSED "PREPARATIONS FOR THE FORTHCOMING SUMMIT MEETING, GERMANY AND BERLIN, DISARMAMENT AND THE POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC RELATIONSHIPS OF WESTERN EUROPE."

"THE RESULTS OF OUR TALKS ON THESE SUBJECTS WAS TO CONFIRM THAT THERE WERE NO DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE OBJECTIVES WHICH BOTH OF US ARE TRYING TO ATTAIN," HE ADDED. HE DECLINED TO GO INTO DETAILS.

BN1590 PES

A17WX (ANTARCTIC & BJI)

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY
(370) AMS BUDGET

ARMS POLICY

BY ERNEST B. VACCARO

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES WAS URGED BY A PRIVATE RESEARCH GROUP TONIGHT TO BOLSTER ITS MILITARY STRENGTH AND DEFENSE ALLIANCES WHILE URGENTLY NEGOTIATING FOR ARMS REDUCTION AND CONTROL.

A REPORT PREPARED FOR THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE SAID SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV'S PROPOSAL FOR FULL DISARMAMENT MAY HAVE BEEN DESIGNED AS PROPAGANDA BUT IT "HAS TO BE TAKEN SERIOUSLY AND FULLY EXPLORED."

THE REPORT WAS PREPARED WITHOUT COST TO THE SENATE GROUP BY A COMMITTEE OF THE COUNCIL ON FOREIGN RELATIONS HEADED BY HENRY M. WRISTON,

FORMER BROWN UNIVERSITY PRESIDENT. IT WAS MADE PUBLIC BY SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK), CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE. WHILE THIS COUNTRY PURSUES EVERY AVENUE OF NEGOTIATION, THE AUTHORS SAID, IT MUST HAVE MILITARY POWER TO SUPPORT ITS FOREIGN POLICY. IT SAID THERE ARE MILITARY REQUIREMENTS IMPORTANT ENOUGH "TO DEMAND A MARGIN OF SAFETY WITHOUT WHICH THE NATION WILL BE IN GRAVE DANGER." AMONG THESE, SAID THE REPORT, ARE:

1. THE BUILDING UP, MAINTENANCE AND PROTECTION OF "RETALIATORY POWER SUFFICIENT TO MAKE UNACCEPTABLE TO THE SOVIET AND CHINESE COMMUNIST LEADERSHIP THE COST OF LAUNCHING A MAJOR ATTACK ON THE FREE WORLD."
2. THE POSSESSION OF MOBILE FORCES CAPABLE OF SELECTIVE USE WITH THOSE OF OTHER NATIONS AS A MEANS OF "DETERRING AGGRESSION THAT IS LESS THAN A MAJOR ATTACK AND OF COPING WITH IT IF IT OCCURS."
3. A RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM WHICH WILL INSURE ALL POSSIBLE PROGRESS IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY THAT "CAN CONTRIBUTE USEFULLY TO THE MILITARY TASKS OF THE FUTURE."
4. A LONG-RANGE MILITARY AID PROGRAM "TO STRENGTHEN THE GLOBAL DEFENSE POSTURE OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES."

THE GROUP VOICED SERIOUS DOUBTS WHETHER THESE MILITARY REQUIREMENTS ARE NOW BEING MET. IT SAID IT IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY THAT THEY BE MET "WITH WHATEVER SACRIFICE IS NECESSARY, IN CHANGING CONDITIONS OVER THE YEARS AS THE COSTS GO UP AND THE BURDENS GROW HEAVIER."

AT THE SAME TIME, IT SAID THE DANGER OF TOTAL CATASTROPHE IN THE NUCLEAR ARMS RACE MAKES IT IMPERATIVE FOR THE UNITED STATES "TO CONDUCT SERIOUS NEGOTIATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENT ON LIMITATION, REDUCTION AND CONTROL OF ARMAMENTS."

"SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS IN THE CONTROL OF ARMS DEMANDS A SINCERE COMMITMENT TO THE CONCEPT OF COLLECTIVE SECURITY AND TO THE DEVELOPMENT, GRADUAL AS IT MAY BE, OF A STRONGER INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL STRUCTURE, WHICH IS INDISPENSABLE TO ANY DURABLE ARRANGEMENT FOR INSPECTION AND CONTROL," THE REPORT SAID.

"THE INEVITABLE RISKS INVOLVED IN ANY PROPOSALS FOR THE LIMITATION AND CONTROL OF ARMAMENTS SHOULD BE WEIGHED AGAINST THE RISKS OF FAILURE TO MAKE ANY PROGRESS AT ALL."

ER&JC318PES

A72WX

DEFENSE SPENDING (380)

BY FRANK CORMIER

WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)-OVERSEAS DEFENSE SPENDING, A MAJOR REASON FOR THE CURRENT DEFICIT IN UNCLE SAM'S INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTS, AS REPORTED TODAY TO HAVE TAPERED OFF FROM LAST YEAR'S PEAK RATE.

THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT SAID THIS TYPE OF SPENDING TOTALED \$3,400,000,000 IN 1958 BUT HAS SINCE DECLINED TO AN ANNUAL RATE OF \$3,100,000,000.

DEFENSE OUTLAYS HAVE BEEN A MAJOR FACTOR BEHIND THE RECENT INCREASE IN THE GOLD AND DOLLAR RESERVES OF JAPAN AND WESTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES, THE REPORT SAID. IT NOTED THAT U.S. MILITARY SPENDING IS SECOND ONLY TO PRIVATE TRADE AND MERCHANDISE AS A SOURCE OF DOLLAR EARNINGS FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

THIS CATEGORY OF SPENDING NOW IS UNDER REVIEW WITHIN THE GOVERNMENT BECAUSE IT CONTRIBUTED TO THE 1958 U.S. DEFICIT OF \$3,400,000,000 IN INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS.

THE PENTAGON AND FINANCIAL AGENCIES ARE DEBATING WHETHER TO TRY WHITTILING DOWN SUCH SPENDING TO HELP EASE THE DEFICIT, WHICH GIVES FOREIGN COUNTRIES GREATER CLAIMS AGAINST U.S. GOLD.

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY ROBERT B. ANDERSON AND SOME OTHER TOP OFFICIALS ARE CONCERNED BECAUSE THESE CLAIMS NOW ALMOST EQUAL THE U.S. GOLD HOARD.

EVEN THOUGH OVERSEAS MILITARY OUTLAYS HAVE DROPPED THIS YEAR, THE U.S. DEFICIT IN INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS HAS RISEN TO AN ESTIMATED FOUR BILLION DOLLARS.

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IN PAST YEARS, MUCH OF THE MILITARY SPENDING WAS FOR EQUIPMENT GIVEN TO ALLIED FORCES. HOWEVER, THIS PROGRAM IS DECLINING.

LOOKING AHEAD, THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT REPORT SAID FUTURE OUTLAYS WILL REFLECT MORE CLOSELY THE DEPLOYMENT OF U.S. FORCES ABROAD. AMONG THE ITEMS UNDER REVIEW WITHIN THE ADMINISTRATION IS THE POSSIBILITY OF CALLING HOME SOME U.S. TROOPS.

THE REPORT SAID OVERSEAS SPENDING BY SERVICE PERSONNEL AND THEIR FAMILIES HAS RISEN FOR FIVE STRAIGHT YEARS AND LAST YEAR ACCOUNTED FOR 877 MILLION DOLLARS OF THE TOTAL. HOWEVER, IT SAID CONSTRUCTION OF BASES IN MOROCCO, SPAIN AND SEVERAL OTHER COUNTRIES IS VIRTUALLY COMPLETED AND THIS TYPE OF SPENDING IS DECLINING.

ON THE OTHER HAND, IT NOTED THAT WEST GERMAN AND JAPANESE CONTRIBUTIONS TOWARD U.S. OCCUPATION COSTS HAVE VIRTUALLY ENDED, WITH THE RESULT THAT THIS COUNTRY HAS HAD TO TAKE UP THE SLACK.

FROM 1953 UNTIL 1958, THE REPORT SAID, OVERSEAS SPENDING BY THE MILITARY ROSE FROM 2 1/2 BILLION DOLLARS TO \$3,416,000,000.

WEST GERMANY LAST YEAR RANKED FIRST IN RECEIPT OF SUCH FUNDS, COLLECTING 656 MILLION DOLLARS.

SECOND WAS CANADA WITH 448 MILLION DOLLARS, FOLLOWED BY JAPAN, 414 MILLION; FRANCE, 367 MILLION, AND THE UNITED KINGDOM, 360 MILLION.

BU647PES

A112WX

(300) DEFENSE-ENTERTAINMENT

WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)-THE NAMES OF HIGH MILITARY AND CIVILIAN OFFICIALS SAID TO HAVE BEEN ENTERTAINED AT A BAHAMAS ISLAND CLUB BY A DEFENSE CONTRACTOR ARE TO BE MADE PUBLIC IN ABOUT A WEEK.

IT WAS LEARNED TODAY THAT EACH MAN ON THE LIST--THERE ARE ABOUT TWO DOZEN OF THEM--HAS BEEN SENT A QUESTIONNAIRE BY A HOUSE INVESTIGATING SUBCOMMITTEE.

THE COMMUNICATIONS INVITE COMMENT ON THE TESTIMONY GIVEN BEHIND CLOSED DOORS BY GEORGE M. BUNKER, BOARD CHAIRMAN OF THE MARTIN CO.

THE INVITATIONS TO COMMENT CARRIED A NOTE THAT THE TESTIMONY IS SOON TO BE MADE PUBLIC.

BUNKER TESTIFIED PUBLICLY THAT HIS COMPANY ENTERTAINED MILITARY OFFICERS, PROBABLY INCLUDING SOME CONCERNED WITH CONTRACT NEGOTIATIONS, AT OCCASIONAL WEEKEND GOLFING PARTIES AT THE COTTON BAY CLUB ON ELEUTHERA ISLAND, BAHAMAS.

THE MARTIN CO. SELLS AIRCRAFT AND MISSILES TO THE AIR FORCE AND NAVY. ITS HEADQUARTERS ARE IN BALTIMORE.

THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES INVESTIGATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE, LOOKING INTO ARMED FORCES BUYING PRACTICES, SUBPOENAED BUNKER TO AN UNANNOUNCED CLOSED DOOR SESSION SEPT. 10 AT WHICH HE TURNED OVER A LIST OF GUESTS.

HOUSE RULES REQUIRE THAT TESTIMONY WHICH MIGHT TEND TO INCRIMINATE, DEGRADE OR DEFAME PERSONS MUST FIRST BE TAKEN IN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

BUNKER TOLD NEWSMEN AFTER THE HEARING HE HAD DEFENDED VIGOROUSLY "THE CHARACTER AND REPUTATION OF PRINCIPAL PEOPLE IN THE MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT. . . I SAID I COULDN'T CONCEIVE THAT SUCH PEOPLE WOULD BE INFLUENCED BY PLAYING GOLF WITH GEORGE BUNKER."

BUNKER ALSO ASSAILED THE SECRET SESSION OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE, SAYING, "IT SEEMS OBVIOUS THEY DID NOT WANT THE TESTIMONY HEARD BY THE PRESS."

THIS BROUGHT A RETORT FROM CHAIRMAN F. EDWARD HEBERT (D-LA) THAT IF BUNKER WAS CERTAIN THE PUBLICATION WOULD NOT TEND TO DEFAME, DEGRADE OR INTIMIDATE ANYONE, "HE SHOULD HAVE NO HESITANCY IN TELLING WHO ATTENDED ANY PARTIES IN THE BAHAMA ISLAND, IN WASHINGTON, OR ANY PLACE ELSE."

GG925PES

A173WX

(200)
WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)-LT. GEN. BERNARD A. SCHRIEVER SAID TODAY THE UNITED STATES CANNOT AFFORD TO CONCENTRATE SOLELY ON SCIENTIFIC EXPLORATION IN SPACE AND IGNORE MILITARY SPACE POSSIBILITIES.
THE CHIEF OF THE AIR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND TOLD THE AERO CLUB OF WASHINGTON IN A PREPARED LUNCHEON TALK THAT "OUR ADVERSARIES ARE NOT BOUND BY EITHER LEGAL RESTRICTIONS OR MORAL LAW, LIMITING THEIR EXPLORATION OF SPACE TO PEACEFUL SCIENTIFIC OBJECTIVES."
SCHRIEVER SAID IT IS COMMONLY ACCEPTED THAT THE SOVIET EFFORT IS AIMED TOWARD ONE END--THE STRENGTHENING AND EXTENSION OF COMMUNISM THROUGH SCIENTIFIC, INDUSTRIAL, ECONOMIC, POLITICAL AND MILITARY MEANS.

"IF WE ARE NOT MERELY TO CATCH UP WITH THE U.S.S.R. BUT TO GAIN THE LEAD OURSELVES, AT THE EARLIEST POSSIBLE MOMENT WE MUST MARSHAL ALL OUR RESOURCES TO THE FULLEST IN A CONCERTED DRIVE TO MASTER THE CHALLENGE OF SPACE."

SCHRIEVER SAID THE UNITED STATES, FREQUENTLY CRITICIZED FOR LAGGING BEHIND THE SOVIET UNION IN THE SPACE RACE, IS "NOT BEHIND AT ALL IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF BALLISTIC MISSILES, WHICH IS AN ESSENTIAL PART OF BOTH THE MILITARY AND THE SCIENTIFIC SPACE PROGRAMS."

"FURTHERMORE, EVEN IN OUR PURELY SCIENTIFIC PROGRAMS WE ARE PERHAPS NOT QUITE SO FAR BEHIND AS MANY PEOPLE SUPPOSE," HE SAID.
JC131PES

A107WX

(190) NIGHT LEAD POPPER
WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)-MARTIN POPPER, 50-YEAR-OLD FORMER SECRETARY OF THE NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD, WAS INDICTED TODAY ON CHARGES OF CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS.

CITING THE CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEE OF FREE SPEECH, HE HAD REFUSED TO TELL THE WHOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES WHETHER HE WAS A COMMUNIST.

IN NEW YORK TODAY, POPPER SAID THE INDICTMENT "RAISES QUESTIONS OF FUNDAMENTAL IMPORTANCE INVOLVING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF FREEDOM OF SPEECH AND ASSOCIATION."

"I AM CONFIDENT," HE ADDED, "THAT THE COURTS WILL SUSTAIN MY POSITION THAT THE HOUSE COMMITTEE VIOLATED THESE RIGHTS."

POPPER WAS A WITNESS BEFORE THE COMMITTEE LAST JUNE 5 DURING ITS STUDY OF LEGISLATION ON ISSUANCE OF PASSPORTS. HE WAS SECRETARY OF THE LAWYERS GUILD 12 YEARS AGO.

IN 1953, HERBERT BROWNELL, THEN ATTORNEY GENERAL, SERVED NOTICE ON THE GUILD THAT HE INTENDED TO PUT IT ON THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S LIST OF SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS. THE GUILD CHALLENGED THIS IN THE COURTS AND THE PROPOSED LISTING WAS DROPPED.

HOWEVER, THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON UN-AMERICAN ACTIVITIES CITED THE BUILD AS A COMMUNIST FRONT IN 1944 AND 1950. THE SENATE INTERNAL SECURITY SUBCOMMITTEE TOOK SIMILAR ACTION IN 1956.

THE INDICTMENT RETURNED BY A FEDERAL GRAND JURY CONTAINS FIVE COUNTS.

CONVICTION OF CONTEMPT OF CONGRESS CARRIES A POSSIBLE PENALTY OF UP TO A YEAR'S IMPRISONMENT AND A \$1,000 FINE.
JA905PES

B55KX (Q)

NIGHT LEAD TRIAL (220)
DENVER, NOV. 24 (AP)-JOHN LAUTNER OF YOUNGSTOWN, OHIO, A GOVERNMENT WITNESS AGAINST 11 PRESENT AND FORMER UNION OFFICIALS, TESTIFIED TODAY HE TWICE LIED UNDER OATH.
THE FIRST TIME, HE SAID, WAS IN COURT PROCEEDINGS IN 1941 WHICH LED TO ANNULMENT OF HIS FIRST MARRIAGE. A FEW MONTHS LATER, LAUTNER SAID, HE SWORE FALSELY HE WAS A MEMBER OF THE JEWISH FAITH SO HE COULD TAKE PART IN A JEWISH RELIGIOUS WEDDING CEREMONY, TO SATISFY HIS NEW

BRIDE'S MOTHER.

LAUTNER HAS SAID HE JOINED THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN 1929 AND WAS EXPELLED IN 1950.

HE WAS CROSS-EXAMINED BY TELFORD TAYLOR, ATTORNEY FOR THE 11 DEFENDANTS. ALL ARE AFFILIATED WITH THE INTERNATIONAL UNION OF MINE, MILL AND SMELTER WORKERS (IND.)

THEY ARE ACCUSED OF CONSPIRING TO DEFRAUD THE GOVERNMENT BY FALSELY SWEARING THEY WERE NOT MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY.

LAUTNER SAID HE ATTENDED A COMMUNIST MEETING AT NEW YORK IN 1949 WHEN IT WAS DECIDED THAT UNION OFFICIALS WHO WERE MEMBERS OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY WOULD RESIGN FROM THE PARTY SO THAT THEY COULD SIGN AFFIDAVITS WITH THE NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS BOARD.

PARTY MEMBERS WERE TOLD THE RESIGNATIONS BROUGHT ABOUT NO REAL CHANGE IN THE BELIEFS OF RESIGNING MEMBERS, LAUTNER SAID.

FRANCIS WORTHINGTON, A GOVERNMENT ATTORNEY, READ TO THE JURY IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT A STIPULATION IN WHICH NATHAN WITT, DEFENSE ATTORNEY, AGREED THAT 8 OF THE 11 DEFENDANTS HAD SIGNED AFFIDAVITS AND FILED THEM WITH THE NLRB.

THREE OTHER DEFENDANTS ARE CHARGED WITH TAKING PART IN THE CONSPIRACY ALTHOUGH THEY DID NOT SIGN THE OATHS.

KK639PCS

A83

PRECEDE WASHINGTON LAOS DAY (220)

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 24 (AP)-LAOS DENIED TODAY IT PLANS TO WITHDRAW ITS COMPLAINT TO THE UNITED NATIONS ACCUSING COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM OF AGGRESSION.

DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID YESTERDAY LAOS WAS CONSIDERING SUCH ACTION AT THE URGING OF INDIA AND SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, WHO SOUGHT TO EASE LAOS' RELATIONS WITH NORTH VIET NAM AND COMMUNIST CHINA.

IN A STATEMENT, THE LAOTIAN U.N. MISSION CHARGED THAT UNRELIABLE SOURCES CIRCULATED RUMORS ON THE MATTER TO "CONFUSE THE SITUATION WHOSE STABILIZATION HAS BEEN NOTED IN THE LAST FEW WEEKS, THANKS TO THE EFFORTS DEPLOYED BY THE UNITED NATIONS AUTHORITIES."

IT SAID THE LAOTIAN MISSION "FORMALLY AND CATEGORICALLY DENIES THE RUMORS WHICH LED PEOPLE TO BELIEVE THAT THE ROYAL GOVERNMENT OF LAOS HAS ENVISAGED THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE COMPLAINT IT FILED LAST SEPTEMBER IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL AGAINST THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF NORTH VIET NAM WHEN THE KINGDOM WAS A VICTIM OF ATTACKS FROM BEYOND ITS FRONTIERS."

HAMMARSKJOLD HIMSELF WAS OCCUPIED WITH THE LAOTIAN SITUATION, SEEING MEMBERS OF THE 11-NATION COUNCIL TO FILL THEM IN ON HIS RECENT VISIT TO LAOS.

A HIGH WESTERN SOURCE SAID HE EXPECTS SOME SORT OF U.N. TECHNICAL AID PROGRAM WILL BE SET UP IN LAOS.

THE SECURITY COUNCIL SENT A FACT-FINDING TEAM TO LAOS IN SEPTEMBER. IT REPORTED THAT NORTH VIET NAM AIDED LAOTIAN REBELS, BUT SAID THERE WAS NO PROOF THAT REGULAR VIET NAM FORCES HAD INVADDED THE COUNTRY.

TD733PES

A28WX

--95--

WASHINGTON, NOV. 24 (AP)-THE LAOTIAN EMBASSY DENIED TODAY REPORTS THAT THE GOVERNMENT OF LAOS IS PLANNING TO WITHDRAW A COMPLAINT TO THE UNITED NATIONS OF AGGRESSION BY NORTH VIET NAM IN AN EFFORT TO EASE RELATIONS WITH THAT COMMUNIST COUNTRY AND RED CHINA.

THE REPORT OF THE WITHDRAWAL POSSIBILITIES CAME FROM DIPLOMATIC SOURCES AT UNITED NATIONS HEADQUARTERS YESTERDAY.

AN EMBASSY STATEMENT TODAY SAID IT "FORMALLY AND CATEGORICALLY DENIES THE RUMORS" AND ADDED:

"THE ROYAL EMBASSY OF LAOS WISHES TO STATE THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO

30.24-9319

CHANGE IN THE ATTITUDE OF THE ROYAL GOVERNMENT OF LAOS CONCERNING THIS MATTER.

"THESE RUMORS HAD BEEN CIRCULATED AROUND BY UNRELIABLE SOURCES IN ORDER TO COONFUSE THE SITUATION WHOSE STABILIZATION HAS BEEN NOTED IN THE LAST WEEKS THANKS TO THE EFFORTS DEPLOYED BY THE UNITED NATIONS AUTHORITIES."

A FACT-FINDING MISSION SENT TO LAOS BY THE U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL HAS REPORTED EVIDENCE THAT NORTH VIET NAM HAD SUPPLIED ARMS TO LAOTIAN REBELS BUT DID NOT FIND THAT NORTH VIETNAMESE TROOPS HAD MOVED INTO LAOS. THIS FAILURE TO SUPPORT THE KEY LAOTIAN ALLEGATION WAS BELIEVED BY U.N. AUTHORITIES TO MAKE ANY FURTHER COUNCIL ACTION UNLIKELY.

BU346PES

A95

(200)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV 24 (AP)-LED BY THE UNITED STATES, 14 NATIONS THAT FOUGHT THE COMMUNISTS IN KOREA ISSUED A NEW APPEAL TODAY FOR FREE ELECTIONS TO REUNITE THAT COUNTRY. THE RUSSIANS IMMEDIATELY DENOUNCED IT AS ONE-SIDED AND DICTATORIAL.

THE APPEAL WAS IN A RESOLUTION SUBMITTED TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE. IT PARALLELS RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED SINCE 1954 BY THE U.N. OVER SOVIET OBJECTIONS.

THE DRAFT WOULD HAVE THE ASSEMBLY CALL ON THE NORTH KOREAN COMMUNIST REGIME TO ACCEPT U.N. PRINCIPLES FOR PEACEFULLY REUNITING KOREA, ESPECIALLY FREE ELECTIONS UNDER INTERNATIONAL SUPERVISION.

I.I. TUGARINOV, AN OFFICIAL OF THE SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTRY, RESTATED THE COMMUNISTS' LONG-STANDING POLICY THAT KOREA CAN BE UNIFIED ONLY BY NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN PRESIDENT SYNGMAN RHEE'S SOUTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT AND THE NORTH KOREAN COMMUNIST REGIME.

THE WEST REGARDS THE NORTH KOREAN GOVERNMENT AS A COMMUNIST PUPPET PUT IN OFFICE BY THE RUSSIANS IN DEFIANCE OF U.N. RESOLUTIONS, AND HAS REFUSED TO DEAL WITH IT.

TUGARINOV, HOWEVER, WARNED THAT THE U.N. WOULD GET NOWHERE BY "ADOPTING ONE-SIDED RESOLUTIONS YEAR AFTER YEAR." HE SAID THIS WILL ONLY AGGRAVATE THE SITUATION AND PERPETUATE KOREA'S DIVISION.

DV817PES

A88

(140)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 24 (AP)-RELIABLE SOURCES INDICATED TODAY THEY BELIEVED THERE IS A GOOD CHANCE OF EAST-WEST AGREEMENT ON A U.N. COMMITTEE ON PEACEFUL USES OF OUTER SPACE.

THE SOVIET UNION BOYCOTTED THE 18-NATION SPECIAL COMMITTEE SET UP LAST YEAR ON THE GROUNDS THERE WAS NOT SUFFICIENT REPRESENTATION OF COMMUNIST OR NEUTRAL COUNTRIES.

THE APPOINTMENT OF A NEW COMMITTEE IS NOW BEFORE THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY. THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOVIET UNION ARE NEGOTIATING IN AN ATTEMPT TO ACHIEVE AGREEMENT ON THE NATIONS TO BE NAMED.

A HIGH WESTERN SOURCE SAID THE SOVIET UNION HAS INDICATED IT WOULD LIKE TO TAKE PART IN THE NEW COMMITTEE'S WORK AND THAT THERE WAS "GIVE TAKE" ON BOTH SIDES ON THE MEMBERSHIP QUESTION.

HE SAID ALSO AGREEMENT WAS QUITE LIKELY ON A SOVIET PROPOSAL TO CALL AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF EXPERTS ON OUTER SPACE SIMILAR TO THOSE HELD ON PEACEFUL USES OF ATOMIC ENERGY.

TD754PES

A119

(220)

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY PMS
BY JAMES CARY

(ADVANCE) TOKYO, NOV. 24 (AP)-A DEBATE IS RAGING IN PARLIAMENT OVER ANY POSSIBLE FUTURE DEPLOYMENT OF AMERICAN TROOPS FROM BASES IN JAPAN.

SOCIALISTS ARE DEMANDING TO KNOW WHETHER JAPAN WILL HAVE THE RIGHT TO VETO SUCH MOVEMENTS. THEY ARE ASKING CLARIFICATION OF JUST HOW FAR U.S. SOLDIERS, SHIPS AND PLANES COULD GO AFTER USING JAPAN AS A STAGING AREA.

THESE ARE TWO OF THE MOST CRITICAL POINTS INVOLVED IN A PROPOSED REVISION OF THE U.S.-JAPAN SECURITY TREATY.

BEHIND THE FIGHT IS THE FEAR OF MANY JAPANESE THEY WILL BECOME INVOLVED IN A WAR NOT OF THEIR OWN MAKING AND AN ACCOMPANYING DESIRE BY SOME FOR A MORE NEUTRAL ROLE IN WORLD AFFAIRS.

FOREIGN MINISTER AIICHIRO FUJIYAMA AND PREMIER NOBUSUKE KISHI, UNDER SOCIALIST QUESTIONING, HAVE STATED THE NEW PACT WILL REQUIRE "PRIOR CONSULTATION" BEFORE U.S. TROOPS CAN BE DEPLOYED FROM JAPAN.

FUJIYAMA HAS REPEATEDLY SAID THE UNITED STATES COULD NOT TAKE ANY UNILATERAL ACTION.

SOCIALIST INTERROGATOR TOKUJI KAMEDA DEMANDED TO KNOW IF U.S. FORCES IN JAPAN COULD BE SENT TO COMMUNIST CHINA AND THE SOVIET UNION UNDER THE NEW TREATY.

FUJIYAMA AT FIRST SAID THEY COULD BE DEPLOYED OUTSIDE THE FAR EAST. HIS OWN LIBERAL-DEMOCRATIC PARTY ISSUED A QUALIFYING STATEMENT LATER

SAYING THE TREATY WOULD "GENERALLY" RESTRICT THEIR USE TO THE FAR EAST. THE SOCIALISTS POUNCED ON THE CONTRADICTION.

THE SOCIALIST ATTACK HAS BEEN VIEWED BY LIBERAL-DEMOCRATS AS LARGELY DELAYING TACTIC TO PREVENT A VOTE.

END ADVANCE FOR TUESDAY PMS--MOVED NOV. 23
GG1040AES

A115

TOKYO, NOV. 24 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA TODAY CHARGED THAT THE UNITED STATES PLANS TO WITHDRAW ITS SUPPORT OF CHIANG KAI-SHEK AND TAKE OVER CONTROL OF FORMOSA AS A TRUSTEESHIP TERRITORY.

THE OFFICIAL NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY, QUOTED BY PEIPING RADIO, CALLED THIS A "TWO CHINAS" PLOT AND SAID PEIPING WOULD NEVER ACCEPT IT.

THE NEWS AGENCY ASSERTED:

"TO MAINTAIN PERMANENT POSSESSION OF THIS PIECE OF LAND, THE UNITED STATES IS CONSPIRING TO ISOLATE TAIWAN (FORMOSA) AND NEXT TO PUT IT UNDER TRUSTEESHIP, AND PLOTTING TO RENOUNCE THE CHIANG KAI-SHEK CLIQUE INSTEAD OF 'SUPPORTING' IT, AND TURNING TAIWAN ULTIMATELY INTO A COLONY AND WAR BASE OF THE UNITED STATES."

B23 Q 2946AES

-17-

(160)

NEW DELHI, INDIA, NOV. 24 (AP)-DEFENSE MINISTER V.K. KRISHNA MENON TONIGHT TOLD GOVERNING CONGRESS PARTY MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT INDIA HAD BEEN CAUGHT NAPPING BY COMMUNIST CHINA.

HE SAID THIS WAS BECAUSE INDIA HAD RELIED ON 2,000 YEARS OF CHINESE-INDIAN FRIENDSHIP AND TRUSTED CHINA.

HE WAS REPLYING AT THE END OF A STORMY THREE-DAY SESSION DURING WHICH PARTY MEMBERS HAD BEEN HIGHLY CRITICAL OF INDIA'S UNPREPAREDNESS TO MEET CHINESE INCURSIONS ON THE FRONTIER.

MENON CAME IN FOR PERSONAL CRITICISM FOR HAVING SIDED WITH PEIPING ON MANY ISSUES. SOME MEMBERS EVEN ASKED PRIME MINISTER NEHRU TO TAKE OVER THE DEFENSE PORTFOLIO FROM MENON.

A PARTY SPOKESMAN, BRIEFING NEWSMEN AT THE END OF THE MEETING, QUOTED MENON AS SAYING THAT RED CHINESE AGGRESSION CONSTITUTED A REAL DANGER AND "WE HAVE TAKEN ALL MEASURES TO SAFEGUARD OUR SECURITY AND INTEGRITY TO THE BEST OF OUR ABILITY."

NEHRU WAS PRESENT AND TOOK PART IN SESSIONS ON ALL THREE DAYS. A TWO-DAY PARLIAMENTARY DEBATE ON CHINESE-INDIAN RELATIONS BEGINS TOMORROW.

GG419PES

538

BERLIN, NOV. 24 (AP)-COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY HAS DECIDED TO CRACK DOWN HARDER ON PEOPLE WHO LISTEN TO WESTERN RADIO AND TV BROADCASTS, THE LEAGUE OF FREE JURISTS REPORTS.

THE LEAGUE SAID THIS WILL BE ACCOMPLISHED BY ENLARGING THE NETWORK OF GOVERNMENT INFORMERS SCATTERED THROUGHOUT EAST GERMANY.

THE INFORMERS ARE ALSO SUPPOSED TO KEEP A CLOSER WATCH FOR PEOPLE WHO MAKE ANTI-COMMUNIST STATEMENTS, ESPECIALLY IN TAVERNS, THE LEAGUE SAID.

THE LEAGUE IS A PRIVATE WEST BERLIN INTELLIGENCE ORGANIZATION THAT SPECIALIZES IN REPORTING ON COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES.

HL423PES

A130

PORTSMOUTH, N.H., NOV. 24 (AP)-THE KEEL FOR THE TINOSA, AN ATOMIC SUBMARINE WITH PUSH-BUTTON CONTROLS, WILL BE LAID TODAY AT THE PORTSMOUTH NAVAL SHIPYARDS.

SCHEDULED FOR DELIVERY TO THE FLEET IN 1962, THE TINOSA WILL BE A SISTER SHIP OF THE THRESHER, AN ATTACK-TYPE, NUCLEAR-POWERED SUBMARINE NOW UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT THE SAME YARD.

HER DIVING AND STEERING OPERATIONS WILL BE CONTROLLED AUTOMATICALLY THROUGH A SERIES OF PUSH-BUTTONS.

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